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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/114,844	07/14/1998	AVI J. ASHKENAZI	1129R1 9726	
7590 07/15/2005		EXAMINER		
GENENTECH, INC.		KAUFMAN, CLAIRE M		
1 DNA WAY SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94080-4990		-4990	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1646	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

DATE MAILED: 07/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		09/114,8	44	ASHKENAZI ET A	AĻ.		
	Office Action Summary	Examine	ř	Art Unit			
		Claire M.		1646			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears on the	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress		
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI INSIGNS OF THIS COMMUNI INSIGNS OF THIS COMMUNI INSIGNS OF THIS COMMUNIANCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE THIS COMMUNIANCE OF THE THIS COMMUNIANCE OF THE THIS COMMUNICATION OF THE THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS COMMUN	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no ev nunication. 0) days, a reply within the stat atutory period will apply and w will. by statute. cause the ap	ent, however, may a reply be tim tutory minimum of thirty (30) day rill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from blication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ly. ommunication.		
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>06 May 2005</i> .					
•	•	2b)⊡ This action is r	non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition	for allowance except	for formal matters, pro	secution as to the	e merits is		
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)🖂	4) Claim(s) 1-14,29,34,35 and 38-58 is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a	re withdrawn from co	nsideration.				
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14,29,34,35 and 38-58</u> is/are rejected.						
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or election i	requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)□	The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.					
10)□	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	: a)☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the !	Examiner.			
•	Applicant may not request that any obje						
_	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to	o by the Examiner. N	ote the attached Office	Action or form P	10-152.		
-	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation See the attached detailed Office action	documents have been documents have been of the priority documental Bureau (PCT Ru	en received. en received in Applicati ents have been receive le 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National	l Stage		
Attachmen			A) [] Image de la constant de la co	(PTO 442)			
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F	PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate			
3) 🔲 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or er No(s)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Patent Application (PT	O-152)		

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DETAILED ACTION

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 5/6/05 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

Claims 1-6, 8-14, 29, 38-45, 47-55, 57 and 58 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ni et al. (US Patent 6,214,580) for the reasons set forth in the previous Office action (mailed 4/8/04) on page 2.

Applicants' arguments directed to the rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) are directly applicable to the rejection under 35 USC 103 and are addressed below. Note that in both rejections in previous Office actions, the US patent number in parenthesis was previously incorrect, although the number of the Ni et al. patent listed on the PTO-892 form (mailed 7/12/01) accompanying the original rejection was correct. Further, Applicants have correctly identified the provisional applications of the patent relied on in the rejections.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-14, 29, 34, 35 and 38-58 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ni et al. (US Patent 6,214,580) for the reasons set forth in the previous Office action (mailed 4/8/04) on page 2.

Applicants' arguments addressing the rejections under 35 USC 102 and 103 are the same as previously set forth (see responses filed 1/31/02, pages 8-11; 6/2/03, pages 6-7; and 1/27/04, p. 3). Applicants argue that priority to provisional 60/050,936 should not be granted for US 6,214,580 because the priority application does not meet the requirements under 35 USC 112, first paragraph, and because of the unpredictable nature of this field of technology. It is argued that in provisional application 60/050,936, the identification of a ligand for the TR10 receptor was purely prophetic, and the action attributed to the receptor, *i.e.*, induction of apoptosis upon receptor activation, was incorrect. These facts combined with unpredictability in this field of technology support denial of priority for the provisional application of the patent relied upon in the rejection under 35 USC 102(e) and 103(a). The arguments have been fully considered, but remain not persuasive for the reasons of record. It is maintained that the patent's priority documents meets the written description and the enablement requirement because each teaches the protein (TR10) and encoding nucleic acid, as well as how to make and use the protein relied

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upon as prior art. Disclosure of TRAIL as the ligand for TR10 receptor is sufficient for use of the receptor. Even though the patent's specification refers to the varied effects of the TNF family of ligands and receptors, and even though the TRAIL ligand identified as the ligand for TR10 was not confirmed by experimentation in the earliest provisional, 60/050,936, the specification's assertion was correct. As stated in previous Office actions, a working example showing TRAIL ligand binding is not required and a prophetic statement is sufficient if correct. Despite incorrectly stating the activity of TR10 caused induction of apoptosis (Example 5 of 60/050,936), only a single enabling use is required for the patent to receive benefit of priority to 60/050,936. Therefore, the use of TR10 as a receptor that binds TRAIL in combination with the sequence of TR10 is sufficient to grant priority to the earliest filed provisional application of US 6,214,580. It is noted that the functional limitations in the instant application's claims (e.g., claim 1, lines 4-5) are an inherent property of the receptor polypeptide of the prior art.

Applicants argue that an interference cited in Applicants' response between two application unrelated to the instant application supports the denial of priority to provisional application 60/050,936 of US 6,214,580. The argument has been fully considered, but is not persuasive. The interference proceeding has not been published and is not precedential. The Examiner is not permitted to comment of the prosecution of applications unrelated to the instant application.

Conclusion

This is a continuation of Applicant's earlier Application No. 09/114,844. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action in this case. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

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will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however, event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Claire M. Kaufman, whose telephone number is (571) 272-0873. Dr. Kaufman can generally be reached Monday, Tuesday and Thursday from 9:00AM to 3:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anthony Caputa, can be reached at (571) 272-0829.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

Official papers filed by fax should be directed to (571) 273-8300. NOTE: If applicant does submit a paper by fax, the original signed copy should be retained by the applicant or applicant's representative. NO DUPLICATE COPIES SHOULD BE SUBMITTED so as to avoid the processing of duplicate papers in the Office.

Claire M. Kaufman, Ph.D.

Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1646

July 11, 2005